

Package ‘DiffNet’

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Type Package

Title Identifying Significant Node Scores using Network Diffusion Algorithm

Version 1.0.2

Description Designed for network analysis, leveraging the personalized PageRank algorithm to calculate node scores in a given graph. This innovative approach allows users to uncover the importance of nodes based on a customized perspective, making it particularly useful in fields like bioinformatics, social network analysis, and more.

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Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Depends igraph, assertthat

Imports MASS, parallel

NeedsCompilation no

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| | |
|--------------|---|
| actual_score | <i>Calculation of diffusion score for each node</i> |
|--------------|---|

Description

Calculation of diffusion score for each node

Usage

```
actual_score(graph, initial.score, damping = 0.7)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------|---|
| graph | an igraph object with the length of N |
| initial.score | a named vector of preferences of length N served as the initial values for diffusion algorithm. |
| damping | The damping factor of the diffusion algorithm. |

Details

This function calculates the diffusion score for each node using the personalized page rank algorithm.

Value

a vector of diffusion scores.

Examples

```
graph = graph_generation(n.nodes = 10, prob.connection = 0.5)
initial_score = c(rep(0,5),0.2, 0.3, 0, 0, 0.5)
names(initial_score) = igraph::V(graph)
Actual_score = actual_score(graph = graph, initial.score = initial_score, damping = 0.7)
```

| | |
|------------------|-------------------------------|
| graph_generation | <i>dummy graph generation</i> |
|------------------|-------------------------------|

Description

dummy graph generation

Usage

```
graph_generation(n.nodes = 10, prob.connection = 0.5)
```

Arguments

n.nodes number of nodes
prob.connection node connection probability (default=0.5)

Details

Generate a random graph

Value

igraph object

Examples

```
graph = graph_generation(n.nodes = 10, prob.connection = 0.5)  
initial_score = c(rep(0,5),0.2, 0.3, 0, 0, 0.5)  
names(initial_score) = igraph::V(graph)
```

multiple_testing_correction
Correction for multiple testing

Description

Correction for multiple testing

Usage

```
multiple_testing_correction(p.values, method = "BH")
```

Arguments

p.values a vector of p.values
method method of correction: c("BH", "bonferroni")

Details

Correction for multiple testing

Value

vector of q-values

Examples

```
graph = graph_generation(n.nodes = 10, prob.connection = 0.5)
initial_score = c(rep(0,5),0.2, 0.3, 0, 0, 0.5)
names(initial_score) = igraph::V(graph)
Actual_score = actual_score(graph = graph, initial.score = initial_score, damping = 0.7)
Null_score = null_score(graph = graph, initial.score = initial_score, damping = 0.7, N.repeat = 10)
pvalue = pval(actual.scores = Actual_score, null.scores = Null_score, method = "non_parametric")
adj_nodes = multiple_testing_correction(pvalue)
```

null_score

Calculation of diffusion null scores for each node

Description

Calculation of diffusion null scores for each node

Usage

```
null_score(graph, initial.score, damping = 0.7, N.repeat = 10, n.cores = 1)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------|--|
| graph | an igraph object with the length of N |
| initial.score | a named vector of node preferences of length N served as the initial values for diffusion algorithm. |
| damping | The damping factor of the diffusion algorithm. |
| N.repeat | number of permutation repeats of null scores. |
| n.cores | number of cores for parallel processing. |

Details

This function calculates the null diffusion score for each node using the personalized page rank algorithm. The initial values are obtained by permuting the given initial.score

Value

a matrix of null diffusion scores (N.repeat—BY—number_of_nodes).

Examples

```
graph = graph_generation(n.nodes = 10, prob.connection = 0.5)
initial_score = c(rep(0,5),0.2, 0.3, 0, 0, 0.5)
names(initial_score) = igraph::V(graph)
Null = null_score(graph, initial_score)
```

pval

Calculation of p-values for each score with respect to the null.

Description

Calculation of p-values for each score with respect to the null.

Usage

```
pval(actual.scores, null.scores, method = "exponential")
```

Arguments

`actual.scores` a vector including actual scores with the length of number of nodes (`N_nodes`).
`null.scores` a matrix of null scores with the dimension of `N_nodes` x `N_repeat`
`method` statistical test method: c("exponential", "gamma", "non_parametric")

Details

Calculate the p-value for each node based on the actual and null diffusion scores.

Value

vector of p-values

Examples

```
graph = graph_generation(n.nodes = 10, prob.connection = 0.5)
initial_score = c(rep(0,5),0.2, 0.3, 0, 0, 0.5)
names(initial_score) = igraph::V(graph)
Actual_score = actual_score(graph = graph, initial.score = initial_score, damping = 0.7)
Null_score = null_score(graph = graph, initial.score = initial_score, damping = 0.7, N.repeat = 10)
pvalue = pval(actual.scores = Actual_score, null.scores = Null_score, method = "exponential")
```

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