

Package ‘wishartinference’

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Type Package

Title Bayesian Inference for the Wishart Distribution Parameters

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Description Posterior inference for the shape parameter α and mean matrix μ in the model $X_i \sim \text{Wishart}_p(2*\alpha, \Sigma)$, under both an improper prior and a proper Gamma/inverse-Wishart prior. The posterior mode is found via a Newton-within-EM algorithm and joint samples are drawn via rejection sampling.

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gamma_inference	<i>Bayesian inference for the Wishart shape parameter, gamma (p = 1) case</i>
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Description

Given $x_1, \dots, x_n \sim \text{iid Gamma}(\alpha, \alpha/\mu)$ – the $p = 1$ reduction of $X_i \sim \text{Wishart}_p(2*\alpha, \Sigma)$ – computes the posterior of (α, μ) under either an improper or proper prior. Scalar ($p = 1$) analogue of `wishart_inference()`: takes a plain numeric vector instead of a $p \times p \times n$ array, since each observation is already a positive scalar. There is no unifying dispatch with `wishart_inference()` – call this directly for scalar data.

Usage

```
gamma_inference(
  x,
  mu0 = 1,
  beta = 0,
  eta = 1,
  kappa = 0,
  nsamp = 10000L,
  tol = 1e-06,
  prnt = FALSE,
  max_em_iter = 1000L
)
```

Arguments

x	Numeric vector of n scalar observations, each > 0
mu0	Prior center for mu, must be > 0 (ignored if improper)
beta	Gamma prior shape, must be >= 0 (ignored if improper)
eta	Gamma prior rate, must be >= 0 (ignored if improper)
kappa	Prior strength on mu, must be >= 0 (ignored if improper)
nsamp	Number of posterior samples
tol	Convergence tolerance for the EM mode finder
prnt	If TRUE, print EM iterates
max_em_iter	Maximum number of EM iterations

Value

A list with results (alpha_samples, mu_samples, ahat, theoretical_acpt_rate, empirical_acpt_rate) and statistics (xbar, muhat, log_det_geometric_mean, cover_shape, cover_rate, elapsed_seconds). If a convergence failure is caught internally, returns list(error = "...") instead.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
x <- rgamma(20, shape = 3, rate = 3) # true alpha = 3, mu = 1

# improper prior (the default)
res <- gamma_inference(x, nsamp = 200)
res$results$ahat
quantile(res$results$alpha_samples, c(0.025, 0.975))

# proper prior
res2 <- gamma_inference(x, mu0 = 1, beta = 5, eta = 0.5,
                        kappa = 2, nsamp = 200)
res2$results$ahat
```

ldet

Log determinant of a positive definite matrix

Description

Uses Armadillo's log_det for numerical stability.

Usage

```
ldet(X)
```

Arguments

X Square positive definite matrix

Value

```
log|X|
```

Examples

```
ldet(diag(c(1, 2, 3))) # log(6)

set.seed(1)
A <- crossprod(matrix(rnorm(9), 3, 3)) + diag(3)
ldet(A)
log(det(A))
```

lfafun_gamma

*Log unnormalized posterior of alpha, gamma (p = 1) case***Description**

The $p = 1$ reduction of the Wishart model: $X_i \sim \text{Gamma}(\alpha, \alpha/\mu)$. Auto-detects improper vs. proper exactly as the $p \geq 2$ functions do ($\beta = 0$, $\eta = 1$, $\kappa = 0$ = improper), except $\kappa = 0$ alone (with $\beta > 0$) is also valid here – a proper prior on α with a flat/improper treatment of μ – unlike the $p \geq 2$ backend, which requires $\kappa \geq 1$ whenever the prior isn't fully improper.

Usage

```
lfafun_gamma(a, n, xbar, ldetxbarg, beta = 0, eta = 1, kappa = 0, mu0 = 1)
```

Arguments

a	Shape parameter alpha, must be > 0
n	Number of scalar observations
xbar	Sample mean of the observations
ldetxbarg	$\text{mean}(\log(x))$ – scalar analogue of ldetxbarg
beta	Gamma prior shape, must be ≥ 0 (0 = improper)
eta	Gamma prior rate, must be ≥ 0
kappa	Prior strength on μ , must be ≥ 0 (0 = improper on μ)
mu0	Prior center for μ , must be > 0

Value

$\log f^*(\alpha)$, or $-\text{Inf}$ if $a \leq 0$

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
x <- rgamma(20, shape = 3, rate = 3) # true alpha = 3, mu = 1

lfafun_gamma(3, 20, mean(x), mean(log(x)))

# proper prior on alpha
lfafun_gamma(3, 20, mean(x), mean(log(x)),
             beta = 5, eta = 0.5, kappa = 2, mu0 = 1)
```

lfafun_improper	<i>Log unnormalized marginal posterior of alpha under the improper prior</i>
-----------------	--

Description

The improper prior $p(\alpha, \mu) \propto (\alpha - (p-1)/2)^{-1} * |\mu|^{-(p+1)/2}$, after marginalizing over μ , gives a closed-form log posterior for α . Returns $-\text{Inf}$ when $\alpha \leq (p-1)/2$.

Usage

```
lfafun_improper(a, n, p, xbar, ldetxbarg)
```

Arguments

a	Shape parameter alpha, must be $> (p-1)/2$
n	Number of Wishart observations
p	Dimension
xbar	Sample mean matrix (p x p)
ldetxbarg	Log geometric mean of determinants $(1/n) * \sum \log X_{ij} $

Value

$\log f^*(\alpha)$, or $-\text{Inf}$ if $\alpha \leq (p-1)/2$

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
X <- rwishart(10, 2, 6, diag(2))
st <- wishart_stats(X)

lfafun_improper(3, 10, 2, st$xbar, st$ldetxbarg)

# -Inf outside the domain alpha > (p-1)/2
lfafun_improper(0.2, 10, 2, st$xbar, st$ldetxbarg)
```

lfafun_proper	<i>Log unnormalized marginal posterior of alpha under the proper prior</i>
---------------	--

Description

The proper prior $(\alpha - (p-1)/2) \sim \text{Gamma}(\beta, \text{rate} = \beta * \eta)$ and $\mu | \alpha \sim \text{inv-Wishart}(2 * \kappa * \alpha, 2 * \kappa * \alpha * \mu_0)$, after marginalizing over μ , gives a closed-form log posterior for α . Returns $-\text{Inf}$ outside the domain $\alpha > (p-1)/2$.

Usage

```
lfafun_proper(a, n, p, ldet_muhat, ldetxbarg, ldet_mu0, beta, eta, kappa)
```

Arguments

a	Shape parameter alpha, must be $> (p-1)/2$
n	Number of Wishart observations
p	Dimension
ldet_muhat	$\log \text{muhat} $ where $\text{muhat} = (n \cdot \bar{x} + \kappa \cdot \mu_0) / (n + \kappa)$
ldetxbarg	Log geometric mean of determinants $(1/n) \cdot \sum \log X_{i\cdot} $
ldet_mu0	$\log \mu_0 $
beta	Gamma prior shape, must be ≥ 0
eta	Gamma prior rate parameter, must be ≥ 0
kappa	inv-Wishart prior strength, must be ≥ 1

Value

$\log f^*(\alpha)$, or $-\text{Inf}$ if outside domain

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
n <- 10; p <- 2; kappa <- 1
X <- rwishart(n, p, 6, diag(p))
st <- wishart_stats(X)

mu0 <- diag(2, p)
muhat <- (n * st$xbarg + kappa * mu0) / (n + kappa)

lfafun_proper(3, n, p, ldet(muhat), st$ldetxbarg, ldet(mu0),
  beta = 5, eta = 0.5, kappa = kappa)
```

lgammap_export

Log of the multivariate Gamma function

Description

Defined as $\log \Gamma_p(a) = p(p-1)/4 \cdot \log(\pi)$ plus the sum over $i = 1, \dots, p$ of $\log \Gamma(a - (i-1)/2)$. Required for the normalizing constant of the Wishart and inverse-Wishart distributions.

Usage

```
lgammap_export(a, p)
```

Arguments

a	Argument, must be $> (p-1)/2$
p	Dimension

Value

log Gamma_p(a)

Examples

```
lgammap_export(5, 3)

# equals the defining sum
a <- 5; p <- 3
p * (p - 1) / 4 * log(pi) + sum(lgamma(a - (0:(p - 1)) / 2))
```

mode_alphaEM	<i>Find the posterior mode of alpha</i>
--------------	---

Description

Dispatches to the improper- or proper-prior EM mode finder depending on which parameters are supplied. The prior type is auto-detected: omit μ_0 , β , η , κ for the improper prior; supply μ_0 and $\beta \geq 0$, $\kappa \geq 1$ for the proper prior. Uses a Newton-within-EM algorithm.

Usage

```
mode_alphaEM(
  n,
  p,
  xbar,
  ldetxbarg,
  mu0 = NULL,
  beta = 0,
  eta = 1,
  kappa = 0,
  tol = 1e-06,
  prnt = FALSE,
  max_em_iter = 1000L,
  max_nr_iter = 100L
)
```

Arguments

n	Number of Wishart observations
p	Dimension
xbar	Sample mean matrix (p x p)
ldetxbarg	Log geometric mean of determinants
mu0	Prior center matrix (p x p); omit for improper prior
beta	Gamma prior shape, must be ≥ 0 (ignored if improper)
eta	Gamma prior rate, must be ≥ 0 (ignored if improper)
kappa	inv-Wishart prior strength, must be ≥ 1 (ignored if improper)
tol	Convergence tolerance
prnt	If TRUE, print EM iterates and bounds
max_em_iter	Maximum number of EM iterations
max_nr_iter	Maximum number of inner Newton-Raphson iterations

Value

A numeric vector $c(\text{ahat}, \log f^*(\text{ahat}))$

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
n <- 10; p <- 2
X <- rwishart(n, p, diag(p)) # true alpha = 3
st <- wishart_stats(X)

# improper prior: omit mu0, beta, eta, kappa
em <- mode_alphaEM(n, p, st$xbar, st$ldetxbarg)
em[1] # posterior mode of alpha
em[2] # log f*(ahat)

# proper prior: (alpha - (p-1)/2) ~ Gamma(beta, rate = beta*eta)
mode_alphaEM(n, p, st$xbar, st$ldetxbarg,
             mu0 = diag(2, p), beta = 5, eta = 0.5, kappa = 1)
```

mode_alphaEM_gamma	<i>EM algorithm to find the posterior mode of alpha, gamma (p = 1) case</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Scalar ($p = 1$) analogue of `mode_alphaEM()`. See the C++ doc comment for details on the bisection-style ascent used here and the $n = 2$, $\kappa = 0$, $\beta = 0$ structural boundary case.

Usage

```
mode_alphaEM_gamma(
  n,
  xbar,
  ldetxbarg,
  beta = 0,
  eta = 1,
  kappa = 0,
  mu0 = 1,
  tol = 1e-06,
  prnt = FALSE,
  max_em_iter = 1000L
)
```

Arguments

n	Number of scalar observations
xbar	Sample mean of the observations
ldetxbarg	mean(log(x))
beta	Gamma prior shape, must be ≥ 0 (0 = improper)
eta	Gamma prior rate, must be ≥ 0
kappa	Prior strength on mu, must be ≥ 0 (0 = improper on mu)
mu0	Prior center for mu, must be > 0
tol	Convergence tolerance
prnt	If TRUE, print EM iterates and bounds
max_em_iter	Maximum number of EM iterations

Value

A numeric vector $c(\hat{a}, \log f^*(\hat{a}))$

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
x <- rgamma(20, shape = 3, rate = 3) # true alpha = 3

em <- mode_alphaEM_gamma(20, mean(x), mean(log(x)))
em[1] # posterior mode of alpha

# proper prior
mode_alphaEM_gamma(20, mean(x), mean(log(x)),
  beta = 5, eta = 0.5, kappa = 2, mu0 = 1)
```

rejection_sampler	<i>Rejection sampler for the joint posterior of (alpha, mu)</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Requires the posterior mode `ahat` and `mxlfa = log f*(ahat)` from `mode_alphaEM()`, plus the covering Gamma parameters `lambda` and `nu_star`. Prior type is auto-detected from parameters, exactly as in `mode_alphaEM()`.

Usage

```
rejection_sampler(
  ahat,
  mxlfa,
  lambda,
  nu_star,
  p,
  n,
  xbar,
  ldetxbarg,
  mu0 = NULL,
  beta = 0,
  eta = 1,
  kappa = 0,
  nsamp = 10000L
)
```

Arguments

<code>ahat</code>	Posterior mode from <code>mode_alphaEM()[1]</code>
<code>mxlfa</code>	$\log f^*(\text{ahat})$ from <code>mode_alphaEM()[2]</code>
<code>lambda</code>	Covering Gamma rate
<code>nu_star</code>	Covering Gamma shape (= <code>ahat*lambda + 1</code>)
<code>p</code>	Dimension
<code>n</code>	Number of Wishart observations
<code>xbar</code>	Sample mean matrix ($p \times p$)
<code>ldetxbarg</code>	Log geometric mean of determinants
<code>mu0</code>	Prior center matrix; omit for improper prior
<code>beta</code>	Gamma prior shape; 0 = improper (with defaults below), must be ≥ 0 if proper
<code>eta</code>	Gamma prior rate; default 1.0, must be ≥ 0 if proper
<code>kappa</code>	inv-Wishart prior strength; 0 = improper, must be ≥ 1 if proper
<code>nsamp</code>	Number of posterior samples (default 10000)

Value

A list with `alpha_sample`, `mu_sample`, `empirical_acpt_rate`, `theoretical_acpt_rate`

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
n <- 10; p <- 2
X <- rwishart(n, p, 6, diag(p))
st <- wishart_stats(X)
em <- mode_alphaEM(n, p, st$xbar, st$ldetxbarg)

# covering Gamma parameters under the improper prior
lambda <- max(n * (ldet(st$xbar) - st$ldetxbarg), 1e-10)
nu_star <- em[1] * lambda + 1

samp <- rejection_sampler(em[1], em[2], lambda, nu_star,
                          p, n, st$xbar, st$ldetxbarg, nsamp = 100)
quantile(samp$alpha_sample, c(0.025, 0.5, 0.975))
samp$empirical_acpt_rate
```

```
rejection_sampler_gamma
```

Rejection sampler for the joint posterior of (alpha, mu), gamma (p = 1) case

Description

Scalar ($p = 1$) analogue of `rejection_sampler()`. $\mu | \alpha$, x is drawn from reciprocal-Gamma($nk_{\text{eff}} * \alpha$, $\alpha * (n * \bar{x} + \kappa * \mu_0)$) – see the C++ doc comment for the derivation.

Usage

```
rejection_sampler_gamma(
  n,
  xbar,
  ldetxbarg,
  ahat,
  mxlfa,
  beta = 0,
  eta = 1,
  kappa = 0,
  mu0 = 1,
  nsamp = 10000L
)
```

Arguments

n	Number of scalar observations
xbar	Sample mean of the observations
ldetxbarg	mean(log(x))
ahat	Posterior mode from mode_alphaEM_gamma()[1]
mxlfa	log f*(ahat) from mode_alphaEM_gamma()[2]
beta	Gamma prior shape, must be >= 0 (0 = improper)
eta	Gamma prior rate, must be >= 0
kappa	Prior strength on mu, must be >= 0 (0 = improper on mu)
mu0	Prior center for mu, must be > 0
nsamp	Number of posterior samples (default 10000)

Value

A list with alpha_sample, mu_sample, empirical_acpt_rate, theoretical_acpt_rate

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
x <- rgamma(20, shape = 3, rate = 3)
em <- mode_alphaEM_gamma(20, mean(x), mean(log(x)))

samp <- rejection_sampler_gamma(20, mean(x), mean(log(x)),
                               em[1], em[2], nsamp = 100)
quantile(samp$alpha_sample, c(0.025, 0.5, 0.975))
samp$empirical_acpt_rate
```

 rwishart

Generate draws from a Wishart distribution

Description

Uses the Bartlett decomposition: if L is the lower Cholesky factor of Sigma, then $A = L * T$ satisfies $W = A * A^T \sim \text{Wishart}_p(\text{nu}, \text{Sigma})$, where T is lower triangular with $T(i,i) \sim \text{sqrt}(\text{Chi}^2(\text{nu} - i))$ and $T(i,j) \sim N(0,1)$ for $i > j$.

Usage

```
rwishart(n, p, nu, Sigma)
```

Arguments

n	Number of draws
p	Dimension of the matrix, must be >= 2
nu	Degrees of freedom, must be > p - 1
Sigma	Scale matrix (p x p), must be positive definite

Value

A cube of size (p, p, n) containing the Wishart draws

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
X <- rwishart(5, 2, 6, diag(2))
dim(X)
X[, , 1]
```

wishart_hello

Verify that the compiled library loaded correctly

Description

A minimal smoke test, useful immediately after installation to confirm that the package's compiled code is available.

Usage

```
wishart_hello()
```

Value

Returns 0. Called for the confirmation message it prints.

Examples

```
wishart_hello()
```

wishart_inference

Bayesian inference for the Wishart shape parameter

Description

Given $X_1, \dots, X_n \sim \text{iid Wishart}_p(2\alpha, \Sigma)$, computes the posterior of (α, μ) where $\mu = \alpha \Sigma$, under either an improper or proper prior. Runs the full pipeline: sufficient statistics, EM mode finding, and rejection sampling.

Usage

```
wishart_inference(
  X,
  mu0 = NULL,
  beta = 0,
  eta = 1,
  kappa = 0,
  nsamp = 10000L,
  tol = 1e-06,
  prnt = FALSE,
  max_em_iter = 1000L,
  max_nr_iter = 100L
)
```

Arguments

X	Cube of n Wishart observations, dimensions (p, p, n)
mu0	Prior center matrix (p x p); omit for improper prior
beta	Gamma prior shape, must be ≥ 0 (ignored if improper)
eta	Gamma prior rate parameter, must be ≥ 0 (ignored if improper)
kappa	inv-Wishart prior strength, must be ≥ 1 (ignored if improper)
nsamp	Number of posterior samples
tol	Convergence tolerance for the EM mode finder
prnt	If TRUE, print EM iterates
max_em_iter	Maximum number of EM iterations
max_nr_iter	Maximum number of inner Newton-Raphson iterations

Value

A list with results (alpha_samples, mu_samples, ahat, theoretical_acpt_rate, empirical_acpt_rate) and statistics (xbar, muhat, log_det_geometric_mean, cover_shape, cover_rate, elapsed_seconds). If a convergence failure is caught internally, returns list(error = "...") instead.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
X <- rwishart(10, 2, 6, diag(2)) # true alpha = 3

# improper prior (the default)
res <- wishart_inference(X, nsamp = 200)
res$results$ahat
quantile(res$results$alpha_samples, c(0.025, 0.975))

# proper prior
res2 <- wishart_inference(X, mu0 = diag(2, 2), beta = 5,
  eta = 0.5, kappa = 1, nsamp = 200)
res2$results$ahat
```

wishart_stats	<i>Compute sufficient statistics for Wishart observations</i>
---------------	---

Description

Returns the sample mean matrix `xbar` and the log geometric mean of determinants `ldetxbarg`, the sufficient statistics for (α, Σ) under $X_i \sim \text{Wishart}_p(2*\alpha, \Sigma)$.

Usage

```
wishart_stats(X)
```

Arguments

<code>X</code>	Cube of <code>n</code> Wishart draws, dimensions (p, p, n)
----------------	--

Value

A list with `xbar` ($p \times p$ sample mean matrix) and `ldetxbarg` (log geometric mean of determinants)

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
X <- rwishart(10, 2, 6, diag(2))
st <- wishart_stats(X)
st$xbar
st$ldetxbarg

# ldetxbarg is a log geometric mean, so it sits below log|xbar|
st$ldetxbarg < ldet(st$xbar)
```

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